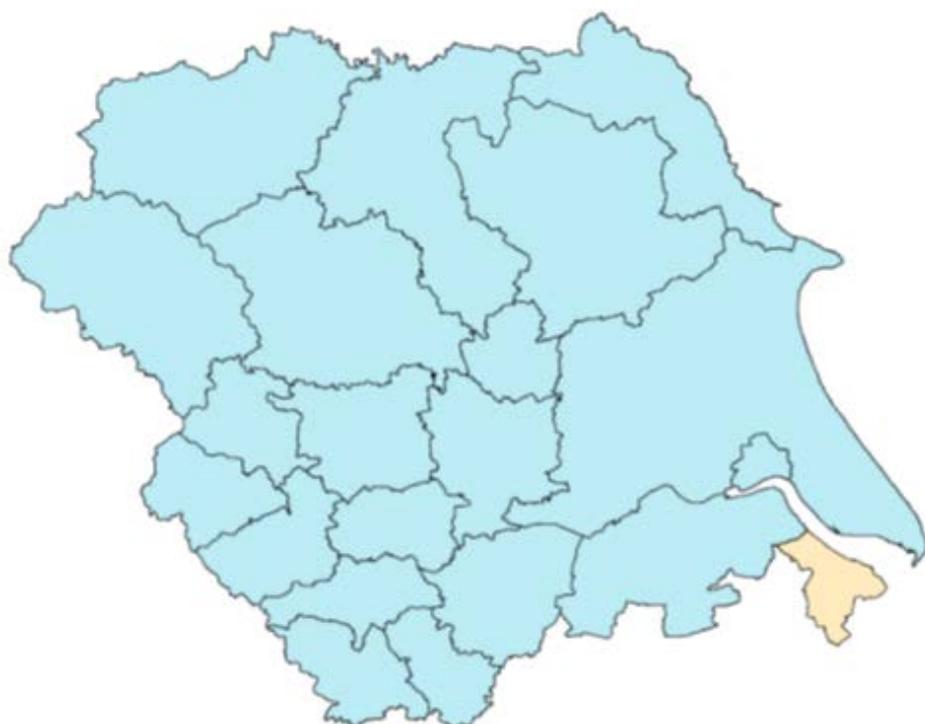


# North East Lincolnshire

Local  
Migration  
Profile

June 2018

**Summary  
Document**



This document summarises the main migration trends and latest data that we can access for North East Lincolnshire. You are welcome to share this document publicly. The full Local Migration Profile document contains information about data sources.

If you would like a copy of the full Local Migration Profile document, please contact Pip Tyler at [pip.tyler@migrationyorkshire.org.uk](mailto:pip.tyler@migrationyorkshire.org.uk) or on 0113 37 88188.



**Migration Yorkshire**  
*Strategic leadership, local support*

# Summary of migration trends in North East Lincolnshire

## Overall population change

The **local population** was estimated at 159,800 people in 2016 [the 'mid year estimate']; a small decrease of around 100 people [-0.1%] since 2015.

**Population change** is affected by natural change [births and deaths] and migration [internally within the UK and internationally]. Population change in North East Lincolnshire is relatively small so it is more difficult to analyse patterns, but the small population growth from natural change and international migration here tends to be countered by internal migration [i.e. people who move away from North East Lincolnshire to another part of the UK].

## New arrivals

Different measures of immigration suggest between 600 - 1,100 new **long-term immigrants** [immigrants who are expected to stay more than a year] arrived in North East Lincolnshire in 2016. The official estimate from ONS falls at the lower end of this range. Of these sources, only NINO data was available for 2017 at the time of writing, showing an estimate of just under 800.

**Net migration** to North East Lincolnshire was just under 350 in 2016, unchanged from previous year. ONS expects immigration to fall but emigration to remain fairly static over the next few years, resulting in a future net migration figure of around 100 per year. This projection assumes no changes in policy or international conditions, and note it does not incorporate anticipated changes relating to the UK leaving the EU.

Around 140 **short-term immigrants** visited North East Lincolnshire in 2015 to work or study for up to 12 months. Most of these, around 90%, were short term workers.

## Reasons for migration

### Work

The overall number of **new migrant workers** arriving in North East Lincolnshire in 2017 was just over 770, a decrease of around 320 on the previous year. This was mainly due to a fall in arrivals from accession countries. The biggest changes in individual nationalities compared with 2016 was a decrease of around 150 arrivals from Poland.

- The number of new migrant **workers from EU accession countries** fell for the first time since 2012, totalling fewer than 620 arrivals in 2017; around 300 fewer arrivals than in 2016.
- The level of **workers from non-accession countries** is significantly lower and has fallen over the last three years to around 120 arrivals in 2017, the top country of origin being Spain.

The top country of origin overall continues to be Romania with 315 arrivals, with Poland in second place with 137 arrivals.

### Study

There are no **international students** undertaking Higher Education courses at registered institutions in North East Lincolnshire although some establishments may offer Further Education courses to international students [see Education section below].

### Protection

Some **asylum seekers** are housed and supported here through the Home Office dispersal system. Published Home Office figures show that at the start of April 2018, 61 people were being supported in North East Lincolnshire while awaiting a decision on their claim [known as Section 95 support]: 56 people were being accommodated, and there were five people receiving subsistence-only

support i.e. no accommodation.

There were also around five **unaccompanied asylum seeking children** [UASC] being looked after by the local authority at the end of March 2017. These are children who are in the UK without family and have claimed asylum in their own right. They are separate to the dispersal system for asylum seekers described above.

Those granted protection by the Home Office may stay in the area as **refugees**. Other groups of refugees are resettled directly from another country. For example, through the Syrian Resettlement Programme two resettled Syrians arrived in North East Lincolnshire during the past year [April 2017 – March 2018].

### Indicators of diversity

The diversity of North East Lincolnshire's population is suggested by several longer-term indicators:

- In North East Lincolnshire, 3% of the community are non-British, unchanged since the previous year, and lower than the Yorkshire and Humber regional average of 7%.
- Those who were not born in the UK form 5% of North East Lincolnshire's population, below the 10% average for Yorkshire and Humber as a whole. They have settled particularly in Park and East Marsh wards.
- Around 950 pupils at school in North East Lincolnshire have a first language that is not English. This is equivalent to 6% of primary pupils and 4% of secondary pupils; both figures are small increases on the previous year, but remain much lower than the Yorkshire and Humber averages of 18% and 13% respectively.
- 5 in every 1,000 new GP registrations in North East Lincolnshire are made by people who previously lived abroad, compared with an average of 10 per 1,000 across Yorkshire and Humber.
- The fertility rate in North East Lincolnshire has been declining slowly since 2009, but remains higher than regional average. Births to mothers who were born outside the UK are lower than average but increasing, totalling 10% of all new births in 2016 compared to 21% across the Yorkshire and Humber.

### Further indicators of migration

#### Research

Migration Yorkshire has an online database of migration reports covering Yorkshire and the Humber, with the option of filtering results by migrant group, theme, topic and place. Search the database at [www.migrationyorkshire.org.uk/researchdatabase](http://www.migrationyorkshire.org.uk/researchdatabase).

#### Employers

A number of organisations in the region can employ migrants from outside the EU under the Points Based System – including skilled workers [Tier 2] and temporary workers [Tier 5]. Full details of the registered employers in your area can be downloaded from:

[www.gov.uk/government/publications/register-of-licensed-sponsors-workers](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/register-of-licensed-sponsors-workers)

#### Education

A number of educational institutions in the region are registered to sponsor migrant students from outside the EU under Tier 4 of the Points Based System. Full details at:

[www.gov.uk/government/publications/register-of-licensed-sponsors-students](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/register-of-licensed-sponsors-students)

## **Acknowledgements**

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Migration Yorkshire is a local authority-led regional migration partnership for Yorkshire and Humber, hosted by Leeds City Council. Migration Yorkshire works with national government, local government, and others to ensure that Yorkshire and Humber can deal with, and benefit from, migration.

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